### **Antiseptic Patient Bathing**



## **EasyBath Plus**

Just 60 seconds to skin decolonisation!\*





# **EasyBath Plus**







Reduce the risk of healthcareassociated infections (HCAIs) with **EasyBath Plus** 



Every year, healthcareassociated infections (HCAIs) cause 37,000 fatalities in Europe and contribute to an additional **110,000 deaths.**<sup>1</sup>



HCAIs are associated with increased length of hospital stay and financial stress.<sup>3</sup>



HCAIs are estimated to cause 8.9 million cases annually in the EU/EEA<sup>2</sup> and can create extra costs of up to €34,000 per patient.<sup>3</sup>



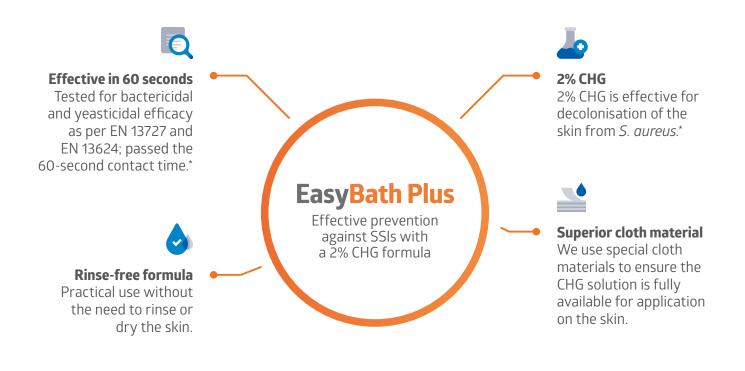
S. aureus is one of the most common microorganisms causing HCAIs.<sup>4</sup>



It is estimated that up to **30% of population** is colonised with *S. aureus*.<sup>5</sup>



For *S. aureus* decolonisation, patients can undergo **chlorhexidine digluconate (CHG)** baths.<sup>6</sup>



#### EasyBath Plus ordering information

	ltem number	Description	Packaging
	CHGWM800	Antiseptic Patient Wash Gloves; 23 x 17 cm	8 gloves/pack; 24 packs/case
	CHGC800	Antiseptic Patient Wash Cloths; 20 x 30 cm	8 cloths/pack; 30 packs/case

**For more information,** contact your Medline account manager or visit us at: www.medline.eu/uk.



Medline Industries Ltd 3rd Floor Quayside Wilderspool Business Park Greenalls Avenue Warrington WA4 6HL United Kingdom Tel.: +44 844 334 5237 www.medline.eu/uk uk-customerservice@medline.com Medline Ireland Ltd 1 Grant's Row Mount Street Lower Dublin 2 Ireland Tel.: +353 1 691 73 06

www.medline.eu/ie ie-customerservice@medline.com FOLLOW US **f** in

#### References

1. World Health Organization. (2011). Report on the Burden of Endemic Health Care-Associated Infection Worldwide. https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/80135/9789241501507\_eng.pdf. 2. Suetens, C., Latour, K., Kärki, T., Ricchizzi, E., Kinross, P., Moro, M. L., Jans, B., Hopkins, S., Hansen, S., Lyytikäinen, O., Reilly, J., Deptula, A., Zingg, W., Plachouras, D., & Monnet, D. L. (2018). Prevalence of healthcare-associated infections, estimated incidence and composite antimicrobial resistance index in acute care hospitals and long-term care facilities: results from two European point prevalence surveys, 2016 to 2017. Eurosurveillance, 23(46). https://doi.org/10.2807/1560-7917.es.2018.23.46.1800516. **3.**OECD (2017). Tackling Wasteful Spending on Health, OECD Publishing, Paris, https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264266414-en. **4.**European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control. Surveillance of healthcare-associated infections in Europe, 2007. Stockholm: ECDC; 2012. **5.**Perl, T. M., & Golub, J. E. (1998). New Approaches to Reduce Staphylococcus Aureus Nosocomial Infection Rates: Treating S. Aureus Nasal Carriage. Annals of Pharmacotherapy, 32(1), 57–516. https://doi.org/10.1117/106002809803200104. **6.**Humphreys, H., Grundmann, H., Skov, R., Lucet, J. C., & Cauda, R. (2009). Prevention and control of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 15(2), 120–124. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-0691.2009.02699.x.

We reserve the right to correct errors that may occur within this brochure. © 2022 Medline Industries, LP. Medline is a registered trademark of Medline Industries, LP. ML1259\_EN 06/2022